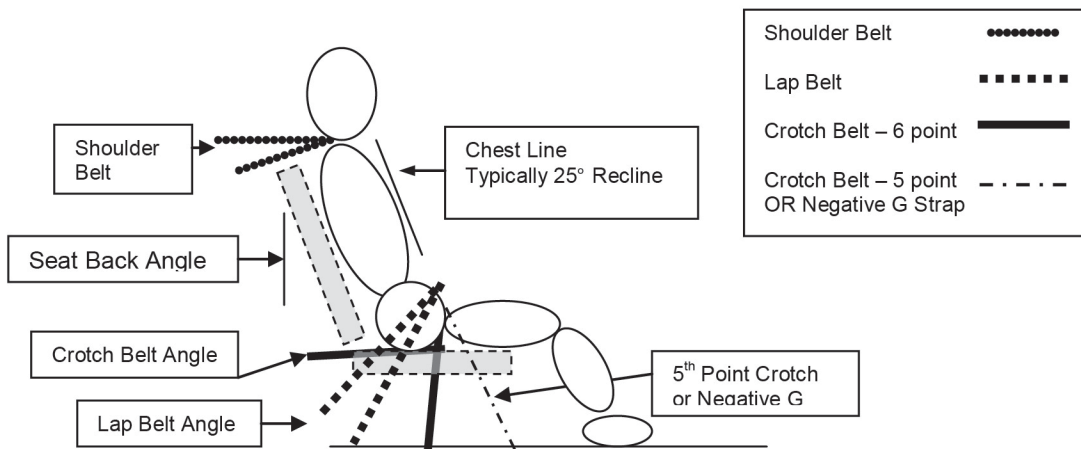


# SEATBELT INSTALLATION GUIDE\* FOR UPRIGHT SEATING (UP TO 25° RECLINE SEAT BACK ANGLE)

June 5, 2012

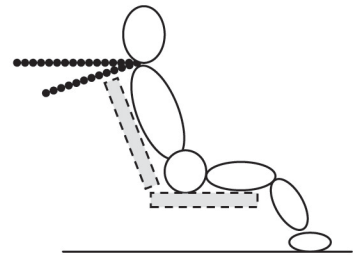
**\*IMPORTANT NOTICE:** The purpose of this guide is to provide motorsports vehicle drivers, owners and mechanics with additional information on seatbelt installation. This guide is for informational purposes only and in no way should it be construed to be an express or implied warranty of safety or guarantee that Driver Restraint Systems mounted in accordance with this guide will prevent any injury, systems failure, property damage, or death. Participation in motorsports carries with it the risk of serious injury, property damage and death at all times regardless of which driver restraint systems are used. This informational guide does not supersede or replace product manufacturers' installation instructions or sanctioning body rules and requirements. This guide applies to Driver Restraint Assemblies which pertain to the SFI Specification 16.1 and SFI Specification 16.5 compliance programs. Prior to any seatbelt installation or installation modification, consult with the motorsports vehicle builder, seatbelt manufacturer, and sanctioning body. At all times the driver and vehicle owner have prime responsibility for the safe installation and use of seatbelts.



## SHOULDER BELTS

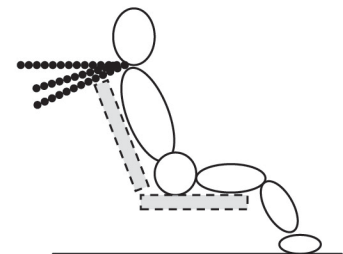
Shoulder Belt Angle: 0 to -20° (-10° optimum) from horizontal

- Clear passage of webbing from top of shoulder (or head and neck restraint) back to the harness bar or mounting point without any interference of the seat openings
- Belts should be as short as possible back to the mounting points

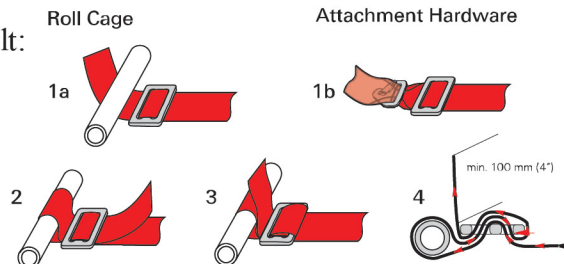


Double Shoulder Belt (Over/Under Belt):

- Upper belt (2" belt) 0 to -10° (-10° optimum)
- Body belt (3" belt) -10 to -30° (-20° optimum)
- Separation between upper and lower belt 1" to 2"
- Upper belt mounted to line up with the inside edge (closer to the neck) of the Body belt



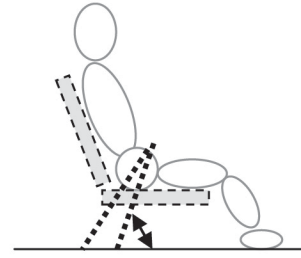
Proper Wrap of Shoulder Belt:



## LAP BELTS

Lap Belt Angle: -45° to -80° from the horizontal

- Belt should ride within the curvature of the pelvic bone preferably just below the iliac crest
- There should be clear passage through the seat opening without webbing being corded or binding on edges of seat openings with a direct path to the mounting point
- The webbing should not ride against any hardware such as seat mounting brackets, bolts, or tabs
- Lap belt adjusters should be clear of the seat openings. Pull-up adjusters if outside the seat opening should be a minimum of 2" below the opening when the lap belt is tightened
- Belts to the mounting point should be as short as possible mounted beside the seat and never behind the seat
- Lap belt should be allowed to pivot freely at the mounting point
- Webbing should be allowed to pull on hardware in plane (straight)



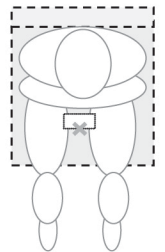
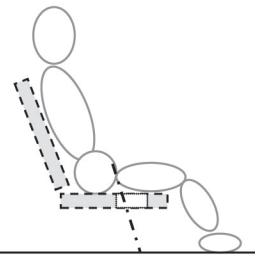
Position of the Cam Lock or Latch and Link

- Centered on the body 1 to 2 inches below the belly button when all belts are tightened

## CROTCH BELT – 5-POINT

Sports Car “Shell Type Seat” and aluminum seats with single crotch belt hole forward of the inside seat back from 11 to 13 inches:

- Crotch Belt Angle: Chest line to 20° through the hole
- Crotch Belt should never wrap around the front of the seat – there should be a pass through
- Crotch belt is used only to maintain position of the lap belt



## NEGATIVE G BELT – (7<sup>TH</sup> POINT)

Negative G Strap Angle: 20° to 25° (Chest line extension on a 25° seat back angle)

- Used in conjunction with a 6-point crotch belt system as an additional point to maintain the position of the lap belt in “Negative G” i.e. rollovers

